



Erectile Dysfunction Resources

Resources:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

<https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/library/features/diabetes-and-men.html>

Medline Plus

<https://medlineplus.gov/erectiledysfunction.html>

National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (NIDDK)

<https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/urologic-diseases/erectile-dysfunction>

ED is estimated to affect 18 million men <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/17275456/>

Having ED is not only a problem in the bedroom, it can mean serious health problems.

Erectile dysfunction has been associated with the following medical conditions:

- Atopic Dermatitis <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28109691/>
- Bipolar disorder [https://www.jsm.jsexmed.org/article/S1743-6095\(17\)31887-8/fulltext](https://www.jsm.jsexmed.org/article/S1743-6095(17)31887-8/fulltext)
- Blood pressure <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28993149/>
- Cardiovascular disease <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5675247/>
- Chorioretinopathy <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/j.1755-3768.2012.02528.x>
- Chronic fatigue syndrome <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/andr.12052>
- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4554043/>
- Dementia
- Depression [https://www.jsm.jsexmed.org/article/S1743-6095\(15\)30954-1/fulltext](https://www.jsm.jsexmed.org/article/S1743-6095(15)30954-1/fulltext)
- Diabetes or blood sugar <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7442469/>
- Diverticulosis <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5058974/>
- End Stage Renal Disease <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4094485/>
- Fibromyalgia <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/iju.14364>
- Gallbladder stone disease <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6440063/>
- Gout <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26089189/>
- Hip Fracture <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4831780/>

- Hyperaldosteronism [https://www.surgjournal.com/article/S0039-6060\(18\)30556-7/fulltext](https://www.surgjournal.com/article/S0039-6060(18)30556-7/fulltext)
- Hypertension <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32073535/>
- Inflammatory Bowel Disease <https://academic.oup.com/ibdjournal/article/22/5/1065/4561734>
- Irritable bowel syndrome <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/j.2047-2927.2013.00120.x>
- Lichen simplex chronicus <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4468076/>
- Metabolic syndrome <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5313297/>
- Neurodermatitis <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4468076/>
- Osteomyelitis <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27169492/>
- Osteoporosis <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4937938/>
- Panic disorder <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27497294/>
- Periodontal disease <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5818109/>
- Peripheral neuropathy <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7870518/>
- Prostate cancer <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6142143/>
- Psoriasis <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28109691/>
- Sleep apnea <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5427785/>
- Sleep disorders <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25708176/>
- Stroke <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/20722781/>
- Systemic lupus erythematosus <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26585071/>
- Thalassemia major <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4554026/>
- Traumatic Brain Injury <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6131467/>

Men following a Mediterranean Diet score have a lower risk of erectile dysfunction <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamanetworkopen/fullarticle/2772916>.

In addition, strawberries, blueberries, red wine, apples/pears, and citrus products are associated with a 14% reduction in risk of ED <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4733263/>

Various nutrients and compounds from plants have been studied for their ability to prevent and/or treat erectile dysfunction. Here are several that have been linked to Erectile dysfunction treatment:

- Folic acid <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26302884/>
- Gingko biloba <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/9611693/>
- Ginseng <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3339779/>
- L-carnitine + Vitamin D <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30287894/>
- Lepidium meyenii <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/12472620/>
- Male silkworm extract
- Myoinositol + folic acid <https://www.europeanreview.org/wp/wp-content/uploads/398.pdf>
- Niacin <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21810191/>
- Panax ginseng <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3720104/>

- Propionyl-L-carnitine, L-arginine + niacin
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21966881/>
- Vitamin B12 <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6537974/>
- Vitamin D <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7284343/>

Research suggests that environmental agents can be a risk factor for erectile dysfunction by interfering with erectile ability.

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/12065462/>

Exposure to chemicals in the work place like bisphenol a (BPA) can cause ED <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/19906654/> and exposure to phthalates may lower testosterone levels which are suggested to increase the risk of ED.

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5675227/>.

Research has lined bacteria in the colon to causing inflammation that may lead to diverticulosis of the colon and this can lead to erectile dysfunction

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5058974/>. Organisms in the digestive tract have been linked to diabetes mellitus which can also lead to ED

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6835620/> By targeting these organisms to treat the diabetes, ED can also be treated.

Physical inactivity leads to endothelial cell dysfunction which can lead to erectile dysfunction. Aerobic exercise with moderate-to-vigorous intensity can improve endothelial function and improve erectile function while also increasing testosterone levels <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30873650/> Both aerobic and anaerobic/resistance protocols have proven effective to improve erectile function through different mechanisms involving glucose and lipid metabolism, regulation of arterial pressure, production of nitric oxide and hormonal modulation.

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30873650/>

Some of these combination therapies include:

- Alprostadil + α-lipoic acid <https://www.europeanreview.org/article/11469>
- Folic acid and Tadalafil <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23347176/>
- L-Arginine + Tadalafil <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7261690/>
- Phosphodiesterase type 5 inhibitors + Antioxidants <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7893498/>
- Phosphodiesterase type 5 inhibitors + Vitamin E <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/13685530802273624>